	Nagarjuna Degree College 38/36, Ramagondanahalli,		34134
	Yelahanka Hobli. Bengaluru - 560 064.	Reg. No.	
I Ser	nester B.Com. (Honour's) Degi	ree Examination, Apri	I - 2022
COMMERCE			
Mathematical applications in Business			

(CBCS Scheme Repeater 2019-2020)

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions to Candidates:

Answers should be written in English only.

PART - A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 2 marks. $(5 \times 2=10)$

- 1. a. Find the compound interest on Rs. 1000 for 3 yr. at 5% P.A.
 - b. What is Unit Matrix?
 - c. Give the meaning of Quadratic equation.
 - d. Find x, (5x-9) (2x-3) = 27

e. If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} B = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Find A+B

f. Give the formula to calculate Quadratic equation.

PART - B

Answer any **Three** questions. Each question carries 5 marks. $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

- 2. Find the simple interest on Rs. 5000 for 3 years and 26 week at the rate of 10% p.a.
- 3. Find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

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4. 9 tables and 8 chairs cost Rs. 5280. 8 tables and 12 chairs cost Rs. 5280. Determine the cost of each table and each chair.

5. Solve x,
$$(5x+1)(x+3) = 3(x-1)$$

PART-C

Answer any **Three** questions. Each question carries 15 marks. (3×15=45)

6. a) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 show that $A^2 - 4A - 5I = 0$

b) If
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Find A²-4I = 0

- 7. Find the Nominal & effective rates of interest in each of the following cases.
 - a) Rs. 5000 Lent at 8% p.a. interest Payable half yearly.
 - b) Rs. 3000 Lent at 9% p.a. interest payable half yearly.
 - c) Rs. 2000 lent at 12% p.a. interest payable quarterly.
 - d) Rs. 20,000 invested at 15% p.a. interest payable yearly.
- 8. If the total cost function C(x) of a firm is given by $C(x) = x^3 6x + 14$. The find the average cost and marginal cost when x = 12 units.
- 9. Solve using substitution method.

$$2x - y = 5$$
$$x - 4y + 1$$

b)
$$5x + 3y = 7$$

 $3x - 2y = 8$